



# South Sumter Utilities 2023 Water Quality Report PWS # 3600009

#### Your Water is Safe to Drink

We are pleased to present you our 2023 Water Quality Report. We are required by law to send this assurance report annually, so our customers are informed about the quality of the water you are consuming. This brochure is a snapshot of the quality of the water we provided last year. Included are details about the source of your water, what it contains, and how it compares to Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) standards. We are committed to providing you with the information because we want you to be informed. For more information about your water, call the utility office at (352) 259-2802.

### Special Population Advisory

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immune-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/Center for Disease Control guidelines on how to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 800-426-4791.

#### Drinking Water Sources

Our water source is groundwater from wells that draw water from the Floridan Aquifer and is then chlorinated for disinfection purposes prior to distribution to our customers. In 2023, the Florida Department of Environmental Protection performed a Source Water Assessment on our system. The assessment was conducted to provide information about any potential sources of contamination in the vicinity of our wells. There are no potential sources of contamination identified for this system with low susceptibility. The assessment results are available on the FDEP Source Water Assessment and Protection Program website at https://prodapps.dep.state.fl.us/swapp/.

#### Contaminants in Water

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 800-426-4791.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Contaminants that may be present in source water before we treat it include:

 Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining or farming.
- Pesticides & herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture and residential use.
- Radioactive contaminants, which are naturally occurring.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and also can come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

To ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. We treat our water according to EPA's regulations. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.

#### Water Quality Data

The table in this report lists all the drinking water contaminants we detected during the 2023 calendar year. Last year we conducted tests for over 100 drinking water contaminants. The presence of these contaminants in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from testing done January 1 through December 31, 2023. The State requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year. Some of the data, though representative of the water guality, is more than one year old. Lead at the consumer tap was also sampled, but all of the results were Not Detected. The Inorganic Contaminants Arsenic and Lead and the Radioactive Contaminant Alpa emitters were sampled but not detected.

#### Lead-Specific Information

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. South Sumter Utilities is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 800-426-4791 or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

- <u>AL</u> Action Level, or the concentration of a contaminant which, when exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.
- <u>LRAA</u> Locational Running Annual Average.
- <u>MCL</u> Maximum Contaminant Level, or the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.
- <u>MCLG</u> Maximum Contaminant Level Goal, or the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.
- <u>MRDL</u> Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level, or the highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for the control of microbial contaminants.
- <u>MRDLG</u> Maximum residual disinfectant level goal, or the level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.
- <u>MRL</u> Minimum Reporting Limit.
- <u>NA</u> Not applicable
- <u>ND</u> Not detectable at testing limit
- <u>Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter</u> explained as a relation to time and money as one part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.
- <u>Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)</u> explained as a relation to time and money as one part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.
- <u>Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)</u> picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.
- <u>RAA</u>- Running Annual Average

#### MCL MCLG Violation Range of Substance Our Water Sample Date **Typical Source of Contamination** [MRDLG] [MRDL] Detection (Y or N) Lead and Copper Copper (ppm) Sites Above the AL Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood 1.3 (AL) 1.3 0.06 Jun 2023 Ν action level at consumer taps 0 preservatives **Inorganic Contaminants** 2 Mar 2023 Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits Barium (ppm) 2 0.01 NA Ν Nitrate (as Nitrogen)(ppm) 10 10 0.09 NA Mar 2023 Ν Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits 4 Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits Fluoride (ppm) 4 0.2 NA Mar 2023 Ν Sodium (ppm) 160 NA 7.1 NA Mar 2023 Ν Saltwater intrusion, leaching from soil Radioactive Contaminants Radium 226 + 228 or combined radium 5 0 1.5 NA Mar 2023 Ν Erosion of natural deposits (pCi/L)**Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products** (There is convincing evidence that that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants) 4 Chlorine (as Cl2)(ppm) 4 1.6 (RAA) 0.4-2.1 Jan-Dec 2023 Ν Water additive used to control microbes. Haloacetic Acids 5 (HAA5) (ppb) 60 NA 14.3-20.3 May & Aug 2023 Ν By-product of drinking water disinfection 20.3 TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] (ppb) 80 41.9 25.2-41.9 May & Aug 2023 Ν By-product of drinking water disinfection NA

Table of Detected Contaminants

Your water was analyzed for hardness which resulted in a value of 169 mg/L.

"Water is perhaps one of our most precious resources. We must be vigilant in protecting our source water, committed to conserving this resource, and diligent in the treatment and distribution of water to the community. We at Jacobs, South Sumter Utilities are committed to delivering the highest quality drinking water possible, 24 hours a day, 365 days a year," said DeAnna Simmons, Water Operations Manager. If you have any questions or concerns about the information provided, please feel free to call (352) 259-2802.

## AVAILABILITY OF MONITORING DATA FOR UNREGULATED CONTAMINANTS FOR SOUTH SUMTER UTILITIES

Our water system has sampled for a series of unregulated contaminants from in 2023 and there were no contaminants detected. Unregulated contaminants are those that don't yet have a drinking water standard set by EPA. The purpose of monitoring for these contaminants is to help EPA decide whether the contaminants should have a standard. As our customers, you have a right to know that this data is available. If you are interested in examining the results further, please contact DeAnna Simmons at (352) 259-2802, or DeAnna.Simmons@Jacobs.com.